DOUBLE SHEET.

REVILLE COURSE, L. I.-TROTTING. C B N TR E VILLE COURSE. L. I.—TROTTING.—
Elseen barses in one aweenpath? and the owiers to drive. Therefore, April 20th, at half-makers of clock, P.M., Purse and Sweepstake, S500; mile heats of alarness. Eran Hora names g. m. Lady Clifton, C. Runsom names ch. m. Lady Stewart, G. Ward names b. g. Emiscant, C. Saedikor names ch. g. Wilson. G. Dengle names ch. g. Curgo, J. Jung names ch. g. Hamist-the-Ring, C. Reynolds names b. g. High Dice, G. Scarff names b. m. Rowdy J. s. J. Sullivan names ch. b. Dan Lynn, S. Williams sames g. Vermant, J. Roberts names ch. h. Baltic. Omn bands as vas Willon Ferry, Brocklyn, at one clock, P. M., and return as soon as the sport is over. Far each way, 25 cents.

CENTREVILLE COURSE, L. L.—TROTTING.—SATUR-day, May let, at 3 o'clook, P. M., a purso and sweepstake of \$20, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons. O. Spicer pames blk. G. Goliah; F. J. Nodine names b. g. Geerge West; S. McLaughlin names b. m. Lady Brook; owner names b. m. Plors Temple. Omnibuses leave Folton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JOEL CONKLIN, Proprietor.

UNION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING.—FRIDAY, APRIL 30th, at 3 P. M., stake and purse, \$100; two mile hoats, to wagons. Mr. William Wheelan names s. s. Niared: Mr. C. Brooks names s. s. Kemble Jackson; Mr. Richeliou names br. s. Cardisai. The proprietor would take the liberty of saying that this occasion will be one of great moment to the shorting community, as the above stallions are the best that this occasion would be one of great moment to the sporting community, as the above stallions are the best that this country can boast of, and that such a meeting as the present one will be has not occurred in many year. Cars will leave the South Ferry, Brooklyn, for the course, at 2 o'clook P. M.; rotarning as soon as the sp. ris are over Face each way, 25 cents. JOHN I. SNEDIKER, Proprietor. UNION COURSE, L. 1.—TROTTING.—A MATCH FOR \$600 will come off on Friday, April 30, at 3 o'clock, P. M. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness. Mr. John Travis names his black horse; Mr. J. Irvin names his bay mare.

C ASSIUS M. CLAY.—THIS CELEBRATED TROTTING Stablion will stand for a limited number of marse, at my stables, from this date. Terms. \$20 for the season. JOHN I. SNEDIKER, Union Course, Long Island.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE TWENTYseventh annual exhibition of the academy is now open
at their gallery, 663 Broadway, from 9 A. M. dutti 10 P. M.
Single admission, 25 center season tickets, fifty centa. Catalogues, 125; cents. By order of the council.

H. SHEGOGUE. Cor. See'y N. A.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,—THE ANNUAL meeting of the Academicians will be held on Wednesday, the 11th day of May next, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the council room of the Academy, 663 Broadway. By order of he Council, J. H. SHEGOGUE, Cor. Sect'y, N. A. DAGUERREOTYPE GOODS—SUPERIOR CHEMICALS
prepared expressly for Photographly purposes; Cameras warranted fully equal to any ever produced. In fact one of the best and most complete assortiment of the above goods can be found at the establishment, 102 William street. L. CHAPMAN, Manufacturer, Importer, and Dealer in all kinds of Daguerreotype stock.

TO DAGUERREOTYPERS.—WANTED, A FIRST class Operator. Apply to Powelson & Mendham, Bagurreotype Artists, 177 Brondway, from 8 to 12 o'clock in the morning.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A SPLEMBID CHANCE—COMBS & NICOLAY, NO. 2si Grand street, near the Bowery, offer the following raintable property for sale:—
Lote on Eighth avonue, in full view of High Bridge, in a pleasant location, and entirely free from rooks and stones. Lote in the beautiful village of Yoaker, shout ten minutes walk from the railread deput, on high ground.
A splendld Brick House, with lot, in Fourth street, with gas, Creton water, baths, and ranges, now building, and will be finished soon.

A spirate brief and a spirate state of the spirate spira

BY THE DECEASE OF MR. LEWIS BLEIDORN, THE business heretofore transacted by him, under the firm of Schwir & Hicidorn, is dissolved, and will be liquidated by CAROLINE BLEIDORN, New York, April 24, 1852. Widow of Lewis Hisidorn. The business of Lewis Hicidorn, doceased, will in future be continued under the name of LEWIS BLEIDORN'S WIDOW. BRUSHES! BRUSHES!!-A LARGE AND SPLENDID assortment of Brushes, just recoived at R. D. & D. McMURRAY'S Brush Warchouse, 263 Pearl st., New York

CHOW CASES—SCHNITT & BROTHER ANNOUNCE TO their friends and the public that they have removed their Show Case Warerooms from No. 10 to No. 16 North William street, where they will endeavor to formish these wishing to purchase on order. Show Cases with despatch, and sell a good article as cheap as any other establishment in this city.

GAS FINTURES, CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS,
Brackets, &c., of Cornelius's maile; French Bronze
Mantel Candelabras; new styles of Terra Cotta Vasee, a
beautiful activite for mantels; Solar Lamps, &c. Alo, silver
plated on German silver Tea Sets; Forks, Sotto \$5 per dozen; Spoons, \$3 to \$5; Castors, Brackets, &c. MORJAN,
162 William street, between Fulton and Ann streets, oppo-

VERY IMPORTANT TO IRON AND BRASS FOUN-ders.—Cast iron and other metal vessels, for house-hold and other purposes, tinned on the inside, by FERDI-NAND KRAFFT, fol Elm street, corner of Walker. Orders promptly attended to.

THE EVE -DR. WHEELER'S OFFICE, 28 BARCLAY

A street for the treatment of all diseases affecting the eye, and he assures the public, by his mild mode adopted, that Plins, Specks, or Chronic Inflammation of the syclids, however long standing, can be completely cured. Office Bours, from S.A.M. to 2 o clock P. M.

TO PERFUMERS, DRUGGISTS, LIQUOR MERCHANIS and others.—A large and elegant assortment of the newest sylves of lancels constantly on hand, at Lawrence's Label and Lithegraphic office, 56 Gold street. Maps, checks, show cards, and every description of lithography executed promptly, and in the best style.

A T WASHINGTON MARKET, OCCURRED A SCENE
The people can never forget,
A few mights ago, if you had been
On hand, you'd have wondered yet.
It has long been a cry —" Who stole my meat?"
"Who has run off with all my fruit?"
Thousands of rais got enough there to cat;
New Costar they've got "to book."
Broadway.

WORTH KNOWING.—A LIQUID HAIR DYE, RE-quiring but one application, (saving the time and trouble of going over the bair with two different prepara-tions), has been discovered. It is instantaneous in its of-fect, producing an infinitiable black or brown color, as de-sired. A receipt for making and directions for using the same, will be sent to any address, on receipt of \$1, post paid. Address ETIENNE GUY, Analytical Chemist, box 36 Broadway Post Office.

5. is now robuilt, regionished, and ready for distribution, with every kind of vegetable medicines, from South America, numbering 333, for all kinds of complaints the human family are subject to. Wanted—a second hand single Carriage, with harness complete, top and apron, for which the onch will be paid, at its latriusic value.

MRS. PREWSTER, FROM PHILADELPHIA, TENders her services to the ladie and gentlemen of this city, in Astrology Love, and Law Matters, interpreting Dreams, Sc., by books and science, constantly colled on by Sapoleon; and will tell the same of the tady or gentlemating will marry. Also the names of the victors. Residence Sil Grand street, between Clinton at Altornoy steests Ladies, fifty cents; gentlemen, one dollar

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER NIAGARA, AT HALIFAX.

Preparing for the Elections in England. ALL QUIET IN FRANCE.

AFFAIRS IN AUSTRIA, GERMANY, AND ITALY. Extraordinary Speed of the American Clipper,

Witch of the Wave. NON-ARRIVAL OF THE WASHINGTON AT

SOUTHAMPTON.

Improvement in Cotton and Breadstuffs. ABUNDANCE OF MONEY, &c. &c. &c.

Halipax, N. S., Telegraph Oppion, Wednesday, April 28, 1852. The royal mail steamship Niagara, Capt. Stone, en rout for Boston, arrived at her wharf in this city, at seven o'clock this morning.

She brings seventy-two passengers, of whom forty-tw Her advices from Liverpoot are to 11 o'clock A. M.

April 17. Owing to the detention of the steamship Franklin at Havre, which permitted London news to Thursday noon to be put on board at Southampton, our advices by the Niagara are only two days later than published yester-

The Collins steamship Pacific, Captain Nye, which sailed from New York at noon, on the 3d inst., arrived at Liverpool early on the morning of the 15th, making the passage in 11% days, including a detention of several hours off the harbor, on account of low tide.

The intelligence from the United States, by the Nisgara and Pacific, had given cotton an upward tendency, with an improved demand. At the sailing of the Niagara there was a better feeling

in the market for breadstuffs, and in some cases a slight advance has been paid. at any previous time for many years, and for the first time in seven years consols had touched one hundred.

American securities were in good demand at full prices Affairs in England, &c.

The general news by this arrival is unimportant. Th English papers are engrossed with the coming election, and both parties are anxiously preparing for the contest. It is said that the friends of Lord John Russell, despairing of getting him re-elected as a member for London, are trying to smuggle him in for Edinburgh.

The Arctic expedition sailed on Thursday, 15th inst. The ships comprising it are:—The Assistance, Capt. Belcher; the Rescue, Captain Kellett ; and the North Star, Captain Cullen. Propellers-Intrepid, Captain MClintock and Pioneer, Captain Osborn.

The story of the two ships seen in the iceberg, being those of Sir John Franklin's expedition, is generally dis

The New York clipper ship Witch of the Wave, excites great attention as she lies in the East India dock, London, having made the quickest passage from China on record, with a most valuable eargo. She made the run from Canton to the Downs in ninety days. Her exploit is a subject of culogy in the London Times, of the 16th inst. Sir John Matherson, owner of the island of North Rona, on the west coast of Scotland, has offered it as a gift to the government, for a penal settlement. Professor Wilson, the "Christopher North" of Blackwood's Magazine, has resigned his chair of philosophy, in consequence of age and intrinity.

Letters received in England from the African squadron, say that the efforts of the cruisers have quite extinguished the slave trade in the Bight of Benin.

The Oriental steamer Iberia, and the West India mult steamer, had arrived at Southampten—the latter with £20,000 in specie, and £19,000 in diamonds, from Brazil.

The first part of the Irish census returns has been printed. It shows that the population of Carlow county has diminished one sixth, since 1841.

Lord Eglinton, Viceroy of Ireland, intimates that the government has no intention of abolishing the Viceroyalty.

been any difficulty recently between the French and Eng-

The Minister of Public Instruction has issued an order to schoolmasters to assume the manners and habits com-patible with their profession.

M. Martin. an advocate of Strasbourg, resigned, rather than take the prescribed oath of allegiance to the Presi-dent

Forty-nine provincial papers have ceased to exist since to revenue a papers have ceased to exist since the 2d December, in consequence of the excessive restrictions placed upon the press.

A great drought prevails in the south of France. The Intelligence Belge says, that orders have been given to persons expelled from France not to enter Belgium.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Pasis, Friday Night, April 16, 1852.

The National Guard intend giving a fete to the Free

dent.

Some sensation has been created by a statement that
the Russian Imperial Almanac sets down Heary V, as
King of France, and the Count de Paris as heary parent.
It is considered not unlikely that measures wan be taken
for the proclamation of the Empire even before the grand
review of the 10th May. No less than 2,000 petitions have
already been presented for the establishment of the imperial government.

Italy.

Rome, at the latest dates, was full of foreigners, drawa there by the festivities of the Holy Week.

The Neapolitan State trials are indefinitely postponed.

Maidina a well known banker, of Bologna, has failed, and thereby reduced to beggary some of the first families in the city.

A letter from Florence states that in consequence of the infiammatory appeals posted up in most of the cities of Turcany, the retirement of the Austrian troops has been countermanded.

rest.

Accounts from 1 isbon are to the 11th instant. The newspaper correspondents there claim to have discovered that intrigues are on foot, jointly, in Portugal and Spain, for a further curtailment of constitutional government. The French Consul, who recently perished in the steamer Porto is raid to have had a hand in these intrigues.

Austria.

On the 5th inst, telegraph notices were forwarded to all the Austrian legations that neither the external not internal policy of the Austrian empire would be changed in ternal policy of the Austrian empire would be changed in term type of the death of the Premier. Prince Schwarzenburgh. It is said he left, among his papers, a memoradum incluting on the necessity of earrying out the line of play he had adopted. He bequeathed all his moreable property to his illegitimate daughter, who married an Austrian officer some time since.

The St. Petersburg journals announce another victory by the Russians over the Circassians.

Germanie Affairs. Hanover has declared in favor of a commercial and cus-cus union with Austria. The new constitution of Cassel about to be published. It proposed to establish tra-ourer; the upper one composed of moninees of the rown and the lower one of thirty-two delegates chosen

The statement of a renewed misunour standing between here two countries is contradicted. 12 000 men are en-aged on the Egyptian railroad.

Commercial and Financial Affairs.

The English steck market continued very firm, and concols closed at 190% a 1975 for money, and 100 for account in the 11th day. The last time countle touched to was on the 2th seach, 1845, when they rose to 196. The indications were that the present high rates f henie stocks would be preserved, nithough at the same no it is not unreasonable to bear is mind that already que were abrusa that the tery administration might not to addipered to reduce the interest or come of the na-dictal recurities. Railway shares were tooyana, and actively was increasonable than for a long turns past.

AMERICAN SECURITIES
United States , tooks were in demand, and a considera-

The Liverpool cotton market, which had been dull during the proceeding fortnight, somewhat improved upon the reception of the advices from the United States by the Niagara and Pacific, and the total sales of the 7.710 Mobile, 2,400 Uplands and 420 Sea Island. The sales on Friday were 12,000 bales, 4 000 of which were on speculation and for export. The following are the quo-

leans.

The total imports from the lat of January to the 18th of April, inclusive, have been 506,760 bales; and the total sales, 748,420 bales. The stock on hand on the 17th of April, consisted of 357,180 bales.

MESSES. HOLLINGHEAD, TETLEY AND CO.'S COTTON We have only had a moderate amount of b MESSER. HOLLINGHEAD, TETLEY AND CO. SCOTTON CHROHAM. We have only had a moderate amount of business going forward in cotton, of late, owing chiefly to the absence of supplies in consequence of the long continuance of easterly winds, but a large portion of the trade having exhausted their stock whilst waiting to see a botter supply at market, have at length been compelled to purchase, and this week opened, therefore, with a rather botter demand for spinners, with a business just enough to sustain prices, in the face of increased estimates of crops and expected heavy imports. The latest advices from the United States, however, have given more confidence, and the Manchester market becoming increase active, we

ed a shade dearer than last week, aithough the quotations are unaltered; and this, perhaps, is as much as could be expected when it is known that of the shipments from the United States this season—amounting to 864,000 bales—270 600 bales are still to arrive in Great Britain, and of this quantity, one-half may be considered over due. The sales to-day (Friday) are 12,000 bales, of which 4,000 were on speculation, &c. The market is fully one-sixteenth of a penny per pound higher for American cotton below fair qualities. Our quotations are therefore altered accordingly.

THE PROVISION MARKETS.

There is no change in the value of pork Bacon was in moderate demand with a light stock. Of the new beef lately landed, no sales had yet been made, the extremely high prices asked by the holders detering buyers. For oid beef the demand continues steady, at former prices. Lard.—32 tons sold at prices a shade easier. Cheese.—Fine was scarce; middling was 2s. to 4s. lower Tallow was dull at 6d, per cwt. decline. No improvement had taken place in butter.

taken place in butter.

IMPORTATIONS OF AMERICAN PRODUCE.

The imports of American produce at Liver od, from the 8th to the 14th April, as stated by Gardner & Co.'s circular, were as follows: 660 tierces of best, 34,703 bush, wheat, 19,503 bbls. of flour, and 41s qrs. of corn. MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Ashes were dull, and sold only in retail, at 24s, a 4s, 9d for Mentreel pots, and 27s, for pearls. Breawar, Retail demand. Corres.—Only 20 tierces of Jamaica had been sold, a

5s. for middling.

Dyrwoods had met with a good demand for all descrip-FLAUSED —Small sales, at unchanged prices.
FLAUSED —Small sales, at unchanged prices.
FREGER'S to New York, 12s, 6d, a 15s., for iron; to Boston, 17s. 6d, a 20s. Passengers offer freely, at £4 for New York.

ork.
Linsped Cars, owing to the advanced stage of the casen, had declined 5s, per ton. but there is no stock.

Ous.—Sperm and whale were dearer. Sperm sold at £78 a £84 per ton; and whale, £28 a £31. Lard, £44 a

Sugar begins to recover from its recent depression.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arr from NYork-April 15, steamer Pacific, at Liverpool;
John Stewart, de; 14th, Mary Morris, at Greenock: March
50 Kerish, at Lisbon; 21st, Cobaney, at de; 1st, Sophia, at
Gibraltar; Jan 22, Wabash, at Mauritius.
Sid for N York-April 13, Rebe, from Antwerp; 15th, for
Liverpoci; 13th, Mountaineer, and Arabian, from Belfast;
Itlen Forrestall, Loran, from Limerick; Emerald, from
Wesford; Tethchild, Herald, from Bremorhaven, 7th, Curania, from Lisbon; 3d, Ann, from Malaga,
Arr from Philadelphis—April 15, Hero, at Liverpool. Sid
12th. Creele, from Londonderry; 15th, Saranae, from Liverpool.

12th. Creele, from Londonderry, 15th. Saranae, from Liverpool.
Sid for Boston—April 13—Lord Byron, from Glasgow; Charlemagne, and Swift, from Queenstown.
Sld for Portland—April 15 Bower, from Liverpool.
Arr from Boston—April 15, Muneres, at Havre, Laconia, and Derense, at Liverpool.
Arr from Savannah—April 11, Ontario, at Havre, Laconia, Arr from Savannah—April 11, Ontario, at Havre, Laurel, at Liverpool.
Sld for Baltimore—April 10, Stella Mana, from Helvoet.
Arr from NOrlean—12th, G Hurlbut, at Havre; 29th, Mercedita, at Barcelona.
Sld for NOrleans—Sth. Brothers, from Malta; 11th, Isaao Newton from Hamburg.
Arr from Mobile—12th. Fortitude, at Aberdeen; 15th. Harmony, at Liverpool; March 25th, Maria Theresa, at Barcelona.

lona.

Off the Strait 13th, North America, from N York for Hamburg, 33 days, all well.

12th, Orian, for Rotterdam, put into Plymouth.

14th, Am ship Hr. rick, from Calcutta for London,

3cth, off Pertland, Brunswick, 50 days for NOrloans from Harre—all well.

15th. off Plymouth, Onward, from NO-leans for Havre,
10th, Am ship bd W, showed red flag with letter D in the

centre.
Lat 12 S. lon 10 W, steamer St George, Herbend, 300 tons,
for St John, N.F. Jan 15, from Cork and Liverpool, supposed
with 20 passengers on board, has not since been heard from.
The Portuguese quarantine regulations declare the ports
of Pernambure, Peru, and Balica, and the island of Cubato
be infected.

The Dunkirk Harbor Open.

DUNKIRK April 27, 1852.

Our harbor is now open. The prepellers Ouelds and Republic left here to day, and the steamer America arrived here.

Navigation in Canada.

Montagat, April 28, 1862.

The navigation is now fairly open. Several steamers from winter quarters, arrived to day, and the steame Rowland hill left this afternoon for Quebec, being the first heat of the series.

Meteorological Observations.

BUFFALO 9 A. M.—Barometer 29 25. Thermometer 42.

BUFFALO 9 A. M.—Barometer 29 25. Thermometer 42.

Wind southwest. A fine spring morning.

S.P. M.—It has been a clear, beautiful day. Wind about southwest. Thermometer 44. Barometer 20, 24. Recrusaries, S.A. M.—Fine morning, but cloudy and col. Wind west. Thermometer 46. S.P. M.—It bus chared off finely, though cold. Pro-

8 P. M.—It has chared off finely, though cold. Prospect of fair weather.
Austras. 9 A. M.—Cloudg. Wind northwest. Thermeter 48.
8 P. M.—A pleasant day and pleasant evening. Wind north. Thermometer 40.
Synactics. 9 A. M.—Somewhat cloudy. Cool wast wind. The immeter 40.
8 P. M.—A reel, pleasant evening. Wind northwest. The memeter 4). Unica. 9 A. M.—Cloudy morning. Wind west. Ther

8 P. M.-Clear, cool evening. Wird west. Thornesecter 41. ALEANY, 9 A. M -Weather rather cold Wind west. The meters of T. Baremeter 29 600. Mercury of. 8 P. M.—Wind northwest. Thermometer 47. Harograter 29 700. Mercury 68. Clear fine evening.

Trov. C A. M. - Weather cold. Wind northwat. Theremeter 42.

8 F. M. - A mild, spring-like day. Clear and pleasant oright. Thermometer 43. Wind west Monyreal 9 A. M.—Thermometer 65. Wind west-tee hart night. The river is open, and the Quebec teemers emmense running in a d. 7 or two Crinic 9 A. M.—Choudy and Mooring. Thermometer

KINCOTON O A. M .- Apprainte of a storm. Thermo-Toronto, S.A. Bi. - Fine but cold. Thermometer 42.

THE WHIG TUMULT AT WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS. COLONEL FREMONT ARRESTED IN LONDON, CHARGED WITH Liabilities Growing out of the Conquest of California.

SPEECH OF SENATOR COOPER ON NON-INTERVENTION.

THE FREE FARM BILL IN THE HOUSE.

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. ABOLITION CONVENTION AT CINCINNATI,

&c., &c., &c. Highly Interesting from Washnigton. THE SOUTHERN WHIG MANIPESTO-RUMORED REPLY OF MR. MANGUM AND THE NORTHERN WHIGS-RE

PORT THAT GRN. SCOTT WILL SHORTLY COME OUT IN FAVOR OF THE COMPROMISE, INCLUDING THE FUGITIVE LAW, ETC.

WASHINGTON, April 28-9 P. M.

The Southern address creates a great sensation here. It is understood that Mr. Mangum, and the other whis members who agree with him, intend to come out with bers who left the caucus. It is claimed that the address issued to-day does great injustice to the position assumed at the former meeting, it was moved by Mr. Cabell, of Florida, one of the seceders, that the rules of the Senate course, remained in force at the adjournment of the meeting; that Mr. Stanley, of N. C., moved, as the first butness of the adjourned meeting, the fixing the time and piace, and that according to the rules adopted, both Messrs. Marshail and Gentry's substitutes and amendment were ruled out of order, as not being germanne to the original resolution; that Mr. Mangum distinctly stated in the meeting his approbation of Mr. Gentry's resolution, if introduced at the proper time; that Messrs, Stanley, Cullom. Cooper, Taylor, Ewing, and others, expressed their willingness to take up the resolution immediately after the fixing of the time and place for holding the convention, and vote for it. This will be the substance of the reply; arguing the question of order, and at the same time expressing a full agreement in the compromise resolution, as a distinct and substantive propedition. neeting; that Mr. Stanley, of N. C., moved, as the first

position.

I also learn from authority in which I place confidence that a letter will shortly be published from Gen. Scott, avowing, in the most distinct manner, his entire approval of all the compromise measures, including the fugitive slave law.

Messrs. Gentry and Marshall will attend the Fillmore meeting in New York.

X. Y. Z.

CLERKS DISMISSED-POSTMASTER HALL-THE WHIG OLUCUS, ETC.

VROM A REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, April 28, 1852.

Twenty-five clerks, in the ceasus bureau, received notifications to-day of their dismissal from employment. The reason assigned, being a deficiency in the appropriations.

tions.

The rumor of the resignation of Postmaster General Hall, notwith-tanding the denial thereof, is still re-asserted—a mission to Prussia being assigned him, as successor to Neil Erown, of Tennessee who desires to be ro-called. Francis Granger is named as Mr. Hall's successor; but all having business with the Post office prefer, for his efficiency, Assistant Postmaster General Warren.

ren.

The assertion in the Tribune, that the reporter of the whig caucus, by telegraph, is the same person who corresponds with the Express, over the signature of "An Eye to the Capitol," is incorrect. As reporter to the Associated Prees of New York, my desire is to act impartially, and my report of that caucus is fully sustained by the facts of the case, and the publication of the Southern whig manifests to-day.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

Mr. Cooper, (whig) of Pa., presented the petitions certain citisens praying the payment of certain claims re-jected by the late Board of Commissioners on Claims

Mr. Davis, (whig) of Mass., reported a bill to repair and mprove the dam at the head of Cumberland Island, in the Ohio river.

Mr. Gwin moved that the bill be taken up to create

the conquest of California. He said, I will briefly state the reasons which induce me to make this motion at this time. By the mail, this morning. I received a letter from Col. J. C. Fremont, late of this body, dated London, April 13, in which he states that on the evening of the 8th inst, as he was stepping into a carriage with his family, to visit a friend he was arrested by a party of four Bow street officers, who were of a low order, rude and insolent; that they were accompanied by a solicitor's clerk of the same character. No time was allowed him to collect information, or have intercourse with his friends. He was simply informed that he was arrested on the suite of unknown parties, for the sum of \$50,000; that he subsequently a-certained that he was arrested on liabilities connected with the military operations in California during 1846 and '4'; that he was confined under look and key for twenty-four hours, and subjected to the most exhorbitant extortions. He also says that he shall be compelled to maintain an expensive lawsuit, employ solicitors and able counsel, and go through all the anxiety, delay, and incidental expenses of the law or pay fifty thousand dollars. He further says that he has reason to believe that this suit will be followed by many others, for large amounts, beyond his ability to give security—thus permanently endangering his personal liberty. I have reason to believe that this whole proceeding was unusual, and such as could not have happened to an Englishman of character; and that it is considered by American cilizens resident in London, and conversant with the circumstances, not only an outrage to Col. Fremont, but disgraceful to our government. I am requested by Col. Frement to bring the subject to the notice of Congress; and, in doing so, I make this appeal to the Senate to take up the bill I have indicated, and act upon it. The subject of these claims was thoroughly examined by the Senate three years ago, and a bilt, reported by Mr. Cass, was passed, providing for the creation of the conquest of California. He said, I will briefly state the reasons which induce me to make this motion at this

tions as they desired any government which would preserve order and society from the tyrannical grasp of a licentious mob. They took no past either in the overthrow of Louis Philippo or of the republic. It did not seem to him conclusive that because apparently serentenths of the people of France acquireced in the decree of Louis Rapoleon, that therefore republicanism wardestroyed. The great body of those who were truly in favor of a republic founded on law order, and principle, preferred to submit temporarily to an arbitrary government than venture all in anarchy. There are many in Prance who are opposed to any government at all; yet he could not believe that republicanism was extinct. He knew that power was generally blind and obstinate in its self-security, but the events of the last few years had been such that none but the most complete stupility could fail in being admonished. From these facts he arrived at the conclusion that a was amount of republicans existed in Europe, and that there were there, also, large bodies of republicans who will be found asserting that sentiment at the proper time and occasion. He could not agree with the Senator, that it was likely the despots of Europe would combine in a war against the United States. They must know that such a league must leave in its rear an army of republicans, ready to strike at home, the moment the arm of despots was withdrawn from them an extended to crush this the last foothold of freedom. He considers the days of despetien numbered. The great system of police, by which they have kept up their power has been broken. Ralitroads and Telegraphs have done this. Trains on railroads cannot be stopped at every vilage and boundary line for critical examination of pasports and railroads will never again be dispensed with. Newspapers too, despetien, ledical examination of pasports and railroads will never again be dispensed with. Newspapers too, despetien, ledical examination of pasports and railroads will never again to the problem and the proposed and will al

the administration with the design of the floor, Mr. Ware. (whig) of Ohie, having obtained the floor, the subject was postponed till Thursday of next week.

The Senate then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 28, 1852. THE GARDINER AND MEARS CLAIMS.

Mr. O.os. (dem.) of Ohio, asked the unanimous con ent of members to offer the following resolutions:sent of members to offer the following resolutions:—
Resolved, That the President of the United States be required to transmit to this House, if not deemed incompatible with the public interest, a copy of such report or reports as may have been received by the government from Mr. George Slocum, the agent despatched to Mexico to investigate the merits of the Hargeus, the Gardiner, the Mexica and other claims against Mexico, which claims were allowed and passed by the late Board of Commissioners, upon the claims against the Mexican government and a copy also of all reports and despatches on the same subject which may have been received from Mr. Letcher, the minister of the United States at the city of Mexico, or from any member of that ministry's legation.

Award.

Mr. Brooks, (whig) of N. Y., objected to the introduction of the resolution on the ground that these matters were now matters of judicial enquiry, and because this House cannot interfere between the Executive and Judicial departments, without doing something incompatible with its public duties.

Mr. Olse remarked that he only wished it entered on the Journal, to show where the objection came from.

NEW CHAIRS WANTED.

Mr. WOODWARD, (dem. of S. C.) asked leave to intro-luce a resolution, that the Clerk be authorised to pro-

cure for the use of the members, a sufficient number of revolving chairs, of the size and description of those occupied by the Clerk and his assistants. He said the expense of repairing the chairs now in the hall, is more than double the interest of the price of new ones.

Mr. Stanton.—I object. We are already in a state of revolution any how. (Laughter.)

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, on the State of the Union on

the reaction which induces not consider the most one at the time. By the mail, this morning, I received a limiter of the price of new ones that the time of the price of the control of th

which is thely to enter into the political contest is the constitutional right of the scion of the country to reclaim their fugitive slaves. It was evident Mr. Parker raid, that his friend from Georgia e Ver confounds the Fugitive Slaves we with the constitution. Commission of the people of the North. Where is the man from that a citon on this floor, who denies the right of the South to reclaim their fugitive slaves? He was free to say, that a great contrariety of opinion in relation to some of the provisions of the slave law, exists in the North to activate the questlen he did not believe. The people of the north want harmony and quiet, and they will stand by the constitution as long as there is a plank of it left. He pledged himself that his district will stand to the Comprense. He had told his constituents that if he had been here last Congress, he would not have voted for that law, unless his vote was exertial to the salvation of the Union. He would vote for no bill which he did not sprowe; but as it had become a law, as a part of the Comprense. He had been a law, as a part of the Comprense he would stand to it, and vindicated the integrity of the Union. The great heart of the north is sound, and there need be no fear. In conclusion, he gave notice of a proposition which he intended to offer, namely, to refer this bill to a select committee, with instructions to bring in one to the effect that hereafter, when the public lands are sold for cash, they shall be given for twenty-five entry of are. Secondly, all public lands in the market, and not sold within five years, shall vest in the States respectively in which they are situated, and shall be sold by them within a reasonable time, at reasonable prices, and the proceeds appropriated as follows:—One third to the State making the sale, for a perpetual common solved fund; one-third to be divided among the States and the District of Columbia; and one third to the American Colonization Society, to remove free people of color, with their consent, to Liberia.

Mr.

Michigan Democratic State Convention.

UNANIMOUSLY FOR CASS.

DETROIT, April 28, 1862.

The Michigan Democratic State Convention organized t 11 o'clock this morning. 133 members were present.

Immediately after the organization, the Hon. B. P.

Immediately after the organisation, the Hon. B. F. Wetherell offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:—
Resolved, That the roll of delegates be called by the Secretary; and that each member of the convention, on his name being celled, announce his preference for the democratic candidate for the Presidency.

The members announced Lewis Cass as their choice, without a dissenting voice.

Governor McLelland was elected one of the delegates at large to the Baltimore Convention.

BALTIMORE, April 28, 1852.
The following is the result of the whig ward elections ast night, for the convention to choose delegates to th National Convention:-The first fifteen wards, composing the Fourth Congressional district, elected 53 delegates in favor of Fillmore for President, and 5 for Scott. The five upper wards, forming part of the Third Congressional district, chose 20 for Fillmore and five for Scott. The Fifteenth ward held no meeting, but will elect Fillmore

The Anti-Slavery Convention

CINCINNATI, April 28, 1862. The Anti-slavery Convention assembled yesterday large number of well known anti-slavery men from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and other States upon making the Evangelical religion the basis of all

upon making the Evangelical religion the basis of an are prominently represented.

The Convention was called to order by Dr. Brisbane. The Rev. J. S. Fee, of Kentucky, was chosen President; George W. Julien and Mr. Stephens of Indiana, Fred. Douglass. of New York, C. C. Burleigh, of Conn., and Russell Everett. of Pa., vice Presidents, A committee on resolutions was appointed and some resolutions were proposed and discussed till the adjournment.

This morning, a resolution, pending last evening, was taken up, and after a lengthy discussion, was amended so as to read, that for the evels of slavery a large portion of the American Church and Clerky is responsible."

Dr. Brisbane, from the Committee on Resolutiona reported a series of twenty two, of an ultra anti-slavery character, when the Convention took a recess.

Catholic School Bill in Maryland, &c.

Catholic School Bill in Banty
Ballimore, April 28, 1852.
Considerable feeling has been excited in this city, by
the Catholic School bill, introduced into the Legislature
A committee of the City Council this sgainst the passage of the bill.

The Southern mail, as late as due, is received, but the papers contain no newsof interest.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

Sailing of the Steamer America.

Sailing of the Steamer America.

Borrov, April 28, 1852.

The R. M. steamship America, Captain Shannon sailed at noon to-day, with forty-four passengers for Liverpool, and twenty three for Hallfax. No species. The following is a list of ther passengers:—

Mise S M Phelps, Boston; Miss E McClure, Charleston; J Duncan, A Graef, Or Smitb, J L Brown, and W G Wooley, of New York State; Andrew Gors and child; Clement Dietrich; George Meddlewood, wife and child; Clement Dietrich; George Meddlewood, wife and child, of Cincinnati; W S Cohaley, of Charleston, S C; W Mayor and G A Willelm, of San Francisco; Lieut Farmer and wife and Mrs Cuthbert, of Montreal; Mrs Anderson, three children and nurse, of Canada West; Merchaut Thompson, of St John, N B; J P Sandford and wife, U S N; Mrs Wooton, Liverpool; II Julien, London; J Whitney, Ireland; T Arber, Sociland; Thomas Divon Jr, the Karl of Errol, lady, child and three grynts, J B Price, John Jones, John Bastor and James Fright, of England; D Fench, inspector general of hospitale, and B C Sandford—44. Also 20 for Hallfax.

Steamship State of Georgia.

The new steam-hip State of Georgia, for the Savanash bne returned to the city this evening, from her engineer wind trip. The run from the city to the Breakwater, 103 miles, was made in 7 hours and 48 minutes, returning in 8 hours and 8 minutes.

Markets.

Almany, April 28, 1852.

Flour is dull. Wheat, 6,000 burnels sold to day at 98 cents for Mediterranean, and 169 for Genesee on the spot, and 100 for Genesee on the spot, and 110c for Genesee to arrive. Corn is dult sales 8,000 burnels, in lots, at 61% a 62% 3,000 burnels two rowed badey changed hands, on private terms. Oats sell at 41% c, from store. A boat, with a full cargo, has arrived from Rochester.

Domestic Miscellany.

Domestic Miscellary.

Berning of the Syeamer Polaninas on that Areansa River.—Twelve Laves Levy.—In the night of the 11th inst. as the steamer Polaninas was descending the 11th inst. as the steamer Polaninas was descending the Arkansas river, when near Choctaw Bend. about thirty four miles from the lower mouth of the river, she cought fire, and in less than an hour burned to the water sedge. It appears that some sparks ignified the cargo of 2 400 bales cotton, which were stoved on the guarda, and tracked the harrisms dock and in less than ten minutes the boat was completely enveloped in flames. The scene that crutd on the slaran of fire being given, begans all description. The heat and smoke drove the engineer and officers from their posts and the beat was left to the mercy of the ourrent. It was difficult or not to impossible to getan exit from the cable and whon successful in this the swollen river was the only chance for ecope, and twelve passengers lot their lives either in the thress or subsequently, in attempting to reach the store. This is the same boat that on her previous superal parts of the previous superal parts were lost.

Missionary Fardweld, Meeting — A farewell missions of sine, by which several lives were lost.

Missionary Fardweld, Meeting — A farewell missional secting was held in the third Prochytecian church. Newark last Sunday evening preparatory to the depart ore of Mr. and Mrs. Eyers and alles kinght, the latter of China a smissionaries, under the charge of the Prechyterian Board. Miss K is to be neconstant with her sixter. Mrs. Henry V. Rankin, in the famile boarding check at Ningpo.

A Court Dispersed by A Mon.—Grayson Co., Va. has tase the recess of an outrage such as selden occurs in may constity where law is supposed to govern. A

A COURT DISPERSED BY A MOR.—Grayson Co., vo. has tach the reese of an outrage such as seldent occurs in any country where law is supposed to govern. A none named Cornut, was lynched for tampering with the slave. He instituted a suit against the parties who afterward held a meeting and passed resultations, notifying the court and lawyers not to undertake the court and lawyers not to undertake the court non-ever, convened at the appointed time when a band of aimed wen marched around the court house first their guns by elatoms and it persed the court in confusion. There was no blood shed. This country and the country of Wyeth have brid meetings and passed evolutions subtaining the movements of the citizens of Grayson.—Palatic for Ledger.